جامعة طنطا كلية الحقوق



# مادة مصطلحانى قانونية بلغة إنجليزية

الفرقة الأولى انتظام – انتساب الفرقة الأولى انتظام – انتساب

The study of law involves a discussion of problems common to other sciences of related to other sciences which concern conduct, to Psychology, which analyses the development and working of the human mind, to Ethics, science which inquires into the proper aims of conduct! to Economics, science which studies men in their business relations and their intention to acquire material wealth, and to Politics, science which concerns itself with the conduct of men as members of political societies or states.

- ► 1- Psychology:
- The application of the psychological clue to the riddles of human society has become the fashion of the day. It must be recognised that no human science can be discussed properly unless one has a thorough knowledge of the human mind. One must have a proper perspective of the science of psychology, in short, of human nature.

- Psychology has been defined as the science of mind and behaviour, and as such is very closely related to the science of law. In the study of criminal law, there is a very great scope for the study of psychological principles in order to understand the criminal mind behind the crime.
- In criminology, psychology always plays a very important part.

  Understanding the criminal and fathoming into the deep recesses of his so-called: criminal mind is an important part of the lawyer's duty.

#### 2- Ethics:

- Ethics has been defined as the science of human conduct. How men behave, how they are actually behaving, and what should be the ideal human behaviour. All are considered by the science of ethics. Thus, there is the ideal moral code and the positive moral code.
- Legal study is related to positive morality so far as law, may be considered as the instrument through which positive ethics tries to assert itself. Divine morality does not require any sanction of the law. Positive morality is not dependent upon the good actions of good men only. Positive morality requires a strong coercive influence for maintenance of public conscience.

- There are many ethical rules of conduct which are not necessarily considered as crimes under our system of jurisprudence. The law takes no notice of trifles, and therefore, although it may be immoral to tell a lie. a simple lie is not considered to be a crime. There are many acts which are unethical, but all unethical acts are not necessarily criminal.
- Ethics, as a science of human conduct, lays down rules for the ideal human conduct based upon higher and nobler values of life. Laws are meant for regulating human conduct in the present and for subordinating the individual's requirement of the society at large.

### 3- Economics:

Economics is the science of wealth, and as such, has a very close relationship with the science of law. Behind many crimes, it has been found that economic crisis is very often the main reason. It is the fundamental right of every individual to live well, and if he is denied that right, he resorts to all sorts of anti-social activities.

The aim of economists is to improve the standard of life, so that the people at large can develop their personality.

Jurisprudence teaches the legislators how to make good laws for promoting social and economic welfare.

وللمزيد أنظر الكتاب